AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JANUARY 6, 2014 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 23, 2013 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 1, 2013 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 19, 2013

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2013-14 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 122

Introduced by Assembly Member Rendon

January 14, 2013

An act to add Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 25987.1) to Division 15 of the Public Resources Code, relating to energy, and making an appropriation therefor.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 122, as amended, Rendon. Energy: energy assessment: nonresidential buildings: Energy improvements: financing.

Existing law requires the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to implement a program to provide financial assistance for energy efficiency projects.

This bill would enact the Nonresidential—Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Financing Act of—2013 2014 and would require the commission to establish the Nonresidential—Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Financing Program and to develop a request for proposal for a 3rd-party administrator by July 1, 2014, to develop and operate the Program. The program to would provide financial assistance, through authorizing the issuance of, among other things, revenue bonds, to owners of eligible nonresidential buildings real properties, as defined, for implementing energy improvements for their properties. The bill

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would require that the bonds be secured by the recording of an energy remittance repayment agreement lien, as defined, on the deed of the property eligible real property for which the improvements are performed. The bill would require the State Board of Equalization a loan servicer to collect installment payments from owners of eligible real properties whose applications have been approved by the commission. The bill would require the commission, within 6 months after the first 2 years of implementation of the program or after the expenditure of the first \$250,000,000 of the proceeds derived by issuance of the revenue bonds, whichever is earlier, to prepare and make publicly available a report on the efficacy of the program in achieving the purposes of the program and recommendations that would enhance the ability of the program to achieve those purposes. The bill would prohibit the commission from additional expenditure of the proceeds until the commission holds at least one public hearing and take public comments on the report. The bill would require the State Board of Equalization to collect repayment installments that are delinquent.

The bill would require the commission to meet for the purpose of approving applicants to participate in the program. The bill would authorize the California Alternative Energy and Advanced Transportation Financing Authority, on behalf of the commission, to issue and renew the negotiable revenue bonds to generate moneys to finance energy improvements for approved applicants.

The bill would establish the Nonresidential—Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Debt Servicing Fund in the State Treasury and the Loan Loss Reserve Account and Administration Account within the fund. The bill would require the State Board of Equalization commission to deposit the installment payment received from the owners of eligible buildings real properties into the fund and certain fees collected into the specified accounts. The bill would continuously appropriate the moneys in the fund and the accounts to repay the principal and interest on the bonds, and to cover the administrative costs incurred by the authority, the commission, and the State Board of Equalization, thereby making an appropriation.

The bill would require the Director of Finance to transfer, as a loan, up to \$1,000,000, to the authority, and up to \$7,000,000, to the commission, from the General Fund for the purposes of implementing the program. The bill would require the loans to be repaid on or before January 1, 2024.

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Existing law establishes incentives in the form of grants and loans to low-income residents, small businesses, and residential property owners for constructing and retrofitting buildings to be more energy efficient.

The bill would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to the extent it determines necessary to effectively complete it duties under the act, to analyze and evaluate specified standards developed for nonresidential energy building retrofits.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: yes. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 25987.1) is added to Division 15 of the Public Resources Code, to read:

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4 Chapter 13. Nonresidential-Building Assessment Real
5 Property Energy Retrofit Financing
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Article 1. General Provisions and Definitions

25987.1. This act shall be known, and may be cited, as the Nonresidential Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Financing Act of 2013. 2014.

25987.2. The purpose of this chapter is to facilitate private financing to enable private nonresidential building real property owners—and eligible public entities to invest in clean energy improvements, renewable energy, and conservation; to incentivize private equity managers to invest in clean energy improvements, integrate the smart energy economy, and stimulate the state economy by directly creating jobs for contractors and other persons who complete new energy improvements; and to reinforce the leadership role of the state in the new energy economy, thereby attracting energy manufacturing facilities and related jobs to the state.

25987.3. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

(a) Nonresidential—buildings real properties represent a huge opportunity to significantly increase energy efficiency and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. To do this, California needs to address the design, construction, and operation of these buildings.

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(b) Investment in building performance upgrades is an intelligent business decision. Building performance upgrades lower operating costs, improve occupant comfort, hedge against utility price increases, demonstrate commitment to tenant well-being, reduce exposure to regulation, help the environment, and ultimately boost property values.

- (c) It is in the best interest of the state and its citizens to enable and encourage the owners of eligible nonresidential *real* property to invest in new energy improvements, including building energy efficiency improvements that qualify for investor-owned utility or publicly owned utility programs, water efficiency improvements, and renewable energy improvements, by enacting this division to establish, develop, finance, implement, and administer a new energy improvement program that provides for both building energy efficiency improvements and renewable energy improvements and to assist those owners who choose to participate in the program to complete new energy improvements to their properties because of the following:
- (1) New energy improvements, including building energy efficiency improvements and renewable energy improvements, can provide positive cashflow when the costs of the improvements are spread out over a long enough time that a building's cumulative utility bill cost savings exceed the amount of the liens recorded on the eligible building to ensure payment for the improvements.
- (2) Many owners of eligible nonresidential—buildings real properties are unable to fund a new energy improvement because the owners do not have sufficient liquid assets to directly fund the improvement or are unable or unwilling to incur the negative net cashflow likely to result if the owner uses a typical existing loan program to fund the improvement.
- (d) Reduction in the amount of emissions of greenhouse gases and environmental pollutants, resulting from increased efficiencies and the resulting decreased use of traditional nonrenewable fuels, will improve air quality and may help to mitigate climate change.
- (e) The nonresidential building owners of nonresidential real properties who participate in the program established pursuant to this division to assist them in completing new energy improvements, including building energy efficiency improvements and renewable energy improvements, to the building shall do so voluntarily.

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25987.4. Unless the context otherwise requires, for the purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the following meanings:

- (a) (1) "Alternative sources of energy" or "alternative "Alternative energy sources" means energy from renewable cogeneration or gas-fired cogeneration technology that meets the greenhouse gas emissions and efficiency standards applicable to the Self-Generation Incentive Program in effect at the time of the application, energy storage technologies, or energy from solar, biomass, wind, or geothermal systems, or fuel cells, the efficient use of which will reduce the use of conventional energy fuels.
- (2) The system shall be sized appropriately to offset part or all of the applicant's own energy demand for the permanent fixtures that consume energy, as if all cost-effective energy efficiency measures have been installed, and shall be located on the same property where the applicant's own energy demand eligible real property is located.
- (b) "Applicant" means a person, or an entity or group of entities, engaged in business or operations in the state, whether organized for profit or not for profit that owns a nonresidential building real property and applies for financial assistance from the commission for the purpose of implementing a project in a manner prescribed by the commission.
- (c) "Authority" means the California Alternative Energy and Advanced Transportation Financing Authority established pursuant to Section 26004.
 - (d) "Board" means the State Board of Equalization.
- (e) "Building energy efficiency improvement" means one or more installations or modifications that are permanently affixed to the building or located on the premises of the building site, for which a building permit is issued after January 1, 2014, 2015, to an eligible building that either qualifies for an investor-owned utility or publicly owned utility energy efficiency program or is designed to reduce the energy consumption of the building, and that may include, but is not limited to, all of the following to the extent they qualify:
 - (1) High-efficiency mechanical equipment.
- (2) High-efficiency electrical equipment.
- (3) Capturing or reducing heat gain or solar shading, including the roof and south and west walls, and not just glazing.
 - (4) High-efficiency water heating.

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- 1 (5) Insulation in walls, roofs, floors, and foundations and in heating and cooling distribution systems.
 - (6) Fenestration and door replacements, and door modifications that reduce energy consumption.
 - (7) Automatic energy control systems.
 - (8) Heating, ventilating, or air conditioning and distribution system modifications or replacements.
 - (9) Caulking and weather stripping.
 - (10) Replacement or modification of luminaries to increase the energy efficiency of the system, or additional lighting controls to reduce electric lighting during periods of vacancy.
 - (11) Energy recovery systems.
 - (12) Daylighting systems and associated lighting controls for daylight harvesting.
 - (13) Building commissioning or retrocommissioning.
 - (f) "Conventional energy fuel" means any of the following:
 - (1) A fuel derived from petroleum deposits, including, but not limited to, oil, heating oil, gasoline, and fuel oil.
 - (2) Natural gas, including liquefied natural gas, other than that used in cogeneration gas-fired technology.
 - (3) Nuclear fissionable materials.
 - (4) Coal.
 - (g) "Delinquent repayment installment" means a due and payable repayment installation that was not paid within the time specified in the schedule for repayment.

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- (h) "Demand response" means reductions or shifts in electricity consumption by customers in response to either economic or reliability signals.
- (i) "Due and payable" means the date as specified in the schedule for repayment for each repayment installment.

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- (*j*) "Eligible-building" real property" means a nonresidential building that completed construction on or before January 1, 2014, 2015, and is located within the boundaries of the state.
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- 37 (k) "Energy remittance repayment agreement" means a 38 contractual agreement between an eligible building owner of an 39 eligible real property and the commission, secured by a lien, as 40 described in Section 25987.21, recorded in the county where the

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1 property is situated and on an eligible building real property specially benefited by a new energy improvement the project for 3 which the commission will make reimbursement or a direct 4 payment to the party financing the energy improvements project, 5 and "contractual energy remittance" means that reimbursement or 6 direct payment. The amount to be repaid pursuant to the energy 7 remittance repayment agreement shall include the costs necessary 8 to finance the building energy efficiency improvements project less any rebates, grants, and other direct financial assistance 10 received by the owner pursuant to other law and law, a loan loss 11 reserve fee, in an amount to be established by the third-party 12 administrator in consultation with the commission and the any 13 warehouse financier under contract entered into pursuant to 14 paragraph (8) (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 25987.25, to insure 15 against nonperformance of the loan and other losses of the program, 16 and a program administrative cost fee. 17

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(1) "Energy efficiency specialist" means an individual or business authorized or certified by rules of the commission to analyze, evaluate, or install a renewable energy source, building energy efficiency improvement, or water efficiency improvement for eligible property project.

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- (m) "Financial assistance" means either of the following:
- (1) Loans, loan loss reserves, interest rate reductions, secondary loan purchase, insurance, guarantees or other credit enhancements or liquidity facilities, contributions of money, property, labor, or other items of value, or any combination thereof, as determined and approved by the commission.
- (2) Other types of assistance the commission determines are appropriate.

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(n) "Loan balance" means the outstanding principal balance of loans secured by a mortgage or deed of trust with a first or second lien on eligible *real* property.

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(o) "Loan loss reserve fee" means a fee that serves as collateral in the event of a loan default.

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(p) "Nonresidential—Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Bond" means a bond issued pursuant to Section 25987.31 that is secured by an energy remittance repayment agreement lien on real property and is entered into voluntarily to finance the installation of renewable energy sources, building energy efficiency improvement or retrofits, or water efficiency improvements project.

(q) "Participant" means a person, or an entity or group of entities, engaged in business or operations in the state, whether organized for profit or not for profit, that, as a qualified applicant, is approved for financial assistance pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 25987.5) and has entered into an energy remittance repayment agreement with the commission for the purpose of implementing a project in a manner prescribed by the commission. "Participant" includes a subsequent owner taking title to real property subject to an energy remittance repayment agreement lien.

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19 (r) "Portfolio" means an aggregation of approved applications.

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(s) "Program" means the Nonresidential Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Financing Program established by the commission in accordance with Section 25987.7.

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(t) "Program administration cost fee" means a fee imposed for the costs incurred by the commission, the authority, and the State Board of Equalization to administer the program.

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(u) "Project" means an improvement to an eligible building real property that constitutes a water efficiency improvement, alternative source of energy, renewable energy improvement, or building energy efficiency improvement.

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- (v) "Qualified applicant" means a person or business entity who does all of the following:
- (1) Owns an eligible-building real property that has a ratio of loan balance to its appraised value not to exceed 85-percent and percent, which is subject to adjustment by the program administrator at the time the person's program application is approved, as shown in the records of the county assessor, unless

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the holder of the deed of trust or mortgage recorded against the eligible *real* property that has priority over all other deeds of trust or mortgages recorded against the eligible *real* property has consented in writing to the recording of an energy remittance repayment agreement *lien* pursuant to this division against the eligible *real* property.

- (2) Timely submits to the commission a complete application, which notes the existence of any priority mortgage or deed of trust on the eligible property and the identity of the holder of the mortgage or deed of trust, to join the program and consents to the levying of a special assessment lien in the amount of the energy remittance repayment agreement on the real property pursuant to this chapter.
- (3) Meets standard of credit worthiness that the commission may establish.

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- (w) "Renewable energy" means heat, processed heat, space heating, water heating, steam, space cooling, refrigeration, mechanical energy, electricity, fuel cells, or energy in any form convertible to these uses, and including energy storage technologies, that does not expend or use conventional energy fuels, and that uses any of the following electrical generation technologies:
 - (1) Biomass.
- (2) Solar thermal.
- (3) Photovoltaic.
- (4) Wind.
- (5) Geothermal.

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(x) "Renewable energy improvement" means one or more fixtures, products, systems, or devices, or an interacting group of fixtures, products, systems, or devices, that use an alternative source of energy energy source, are permanently affixed-to, or located on, the building or located on the premises of the building site, real property, and directly benefit an eligible building real property or that are installed on the customer side of a meter of an eligible building real property and that produce renewable energy from renewable resources, including, but not limited to, photovoltaic, solar thermal, small wind, biomass, fuel cells, or

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> geothermal systems such as ground source heat pumps, as may be approved by the commission.

(y) "Repayment installation" means the monthly amount specified pursuant to the agreed schedule for repayment approved by the commission.

(w)

(z) "Third-party administrator" means an entity selected by the commission through a request for a proposal to manage project applications and make recommendations to the commission as to an individual project's compliance with this chapter.

(aa) "Warehouse financier" means a financial entity, bank, or pension fund, chosen by the commission through a request for proposal to provide an ongoing and revolving source of financing for projects applications approved pursuant to Section 25987.20.

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Article 2. Nonresidential Building Real Property Energy **Retrofit Financing Program**

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25987.5. The purpose of the Nonresidential—Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Financing Program is to help provide the special benefits of water efficiency improvements, alternative energy, renewable energy improvements, and building energy efficiency improvements to owners of eligible buildings real who voluntarily participate in the program by establishing, developing, financing, and administering a program to assist those owners in completing improvements.

25987.6. The commission shall have and exercise all rights and powers necessary or incidental to or implied from the specific powers granted to the commission by this chapter. Those specific powers shall not be considered as a limitation upon any power necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and intent of this chapter.

25987.7. (a) The commission shall establish, develop, finance, and administer, pursuant to consistent with Section 25987.9, the Nonresidential Building Energy Real Property Retrofit Financing Program. The commission shall provide general direction and oversight to the authority and board as they complete duties specified in this chapter. The program shall be designed to provide financial assistance for an owner of an eligible building real

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property to use one or more energy efficiency specialists to retrofit or benefit the property with one or more alternative energy sources or renewable energy improvements, building energy efficiency improvements, or water efficiency improvements, by applying to the commission for inclusion of the owner's project in a portfolio that will be financed through the use of the revenue bonds issued pursuant to this chapter. These bonds shall be secured by revenues generated through energy remittance repayment—agreements agreement liens recorded—on the buildings against the real properties benefited by the projects in the portfolio.

- (b) The program shall provide financial assistance for improvements when the total energy and water cost savings realized by the *real* property owner, and any successor or successors to the *real* property owner, during the useful life of the improvements, as determined by an analysis required pursuant to subdivision (i) of Section 25987.13 are expected to equal or exceed the total costs incurred by the owner pursuant to the program.
- (c) In developing rules to certify an energy efficiency specialist, the commission shall consult with the Public Utilities Commission, the investor-owned utilities, the contractor community, and other entities the commission deems appropriate and consider existing trade certifications or licensing requirements applicable to occupations that perform work contemplated pursuant to this chapter.
- (d) (1) Within six months after the first two years of implementation of the program established pursuant to subdivision (a) or after the expenditure of the first two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000) of proceeds authorized pursuant to Section 25987.29, whichever occurs earlier, the commission shall prepare and make publicly available a report on the efficacy of the program in achieving the purposes of the program as specified in Section 25987.5 and recommendations that would enhance the ability of the program to achieve those purposes.
- (2) The commission shall post the report on its Internet Web site.
- (3) Prior to the additional expenditure of the proceeds authorized pursuant to Section 25987.29, the commission shall hold at least a *one* public hearing and take public comments on the report.
- 25987.8. To receive financial assistance pursuant to this chapter, a qualified applicant shall contractually agree to the

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recording of an energy remittance repayment agreement *lien* on the eligible—building real property that is being retrofitted or benefited.

25987.9. By July 1, 2014, 2015, the commission shall develop a request for proposal to develop the program by a third-party administrator. The third-party administrator shall administer the program and establish an automated, asset-based underwriting system for all eligible buildings real properties in the state. The third-party administrator shall provide consultation to the commission in developing guidelines for the program. The third-party administrator shall provide an independent energy advisor to assist building owners of real properties in evaluating proposals for energy efficiency and renewable energy improvements projects. The third-party administrator shall provide a loan servicer to service the loans. The party selected as the third-party administrator shall only be selected if the program proposal submitted by the party requires all costs, including startup costs of the program, to be covered by the loan recipients, the administrator, the bond purchasers, or some combination thereof. The program selected shall not include General Fund costs or liabilities, with the exception of loans from the General Fund pursuant to Section 25987.41 utilized for startup costs. liabilities.

25987.10. The third-party administrator shall establish underwriting guidelines that consider an applicant's qualifications, and other appropriate factors, including, but not limited to, credit reports and loan-to-value ratios, consistent with good and customary lending practices, necessary for the authority to obtain a bond rating for bonds issued pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 25987.29) for a successful bond sale.

25987.11. The third-party administrator shall disclose to an owner of—a nonresidential building an eligible real property all fees imposed pursuant to this chapter, including the loan loss reserve fee, the program administration cost fee, and the interest rate charged, prior to the submission of an application by the building owner.

25987.12. (a) An owner of an eligible building real property who wishes to undertake an improvement shall submit to the third-party administrator an application to participate in the program.

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(b) The submission of an application is deemed to be a voluntary agreement by the owner for the commission to record the energy remittance repayment agreement on the deed of *lien against* the eligible building *real property* upon the approval of the application.

(c) The application form developed by the third-party administrator shall include a statement in no less than 12-point type stating the following:

SUBMISSION OF THIS APPLICATION CONSTITUTES THE VOLUNTARY CONSENT OF THE APPLICANT FOR THE RECORDATION OF THE **ENERGY** REMITTANCE REPAYMENT AGREEMENTON THE DEED OF LIEN AGAINST THE ELIGIBLE REAL PROPERTY. UPON THE APPROVAL BY THE COMMISSION OF THE APPLICATION AND THE RECORDATION OF THE ENERGY REMITTANCE REPAYMENT AGREEMENT, AGREEMENT LIEN, A LIEN IN THE AMOUNT SPECIFIED IN THE ENERGY REMITTANCE REPAYMENT AGREEMENT SHALL BE-SECURED BY RECORDED ON THE PROPERTY TO SECURE THE AGREEMENT.

- 25987.13. The owner of an eligible building real property shall include all of the following information in the application:
- (a) The name, business address, and email address of the owners of the eligible building. real property.
- (b) The names of all entities that hold a secured lien on the eligible building real property and their contact information.
- (c) The total dollar amount of liens that have been recorded on *against* the eligible building. real property.
- (d) An appraisal of the value of the eligible building *real property* that has been conducted within the past six months or during an appropriate timeframe consistent with industry practices for underwriting of nonresidential buildings.
- (e) A detailed description of the alternative sources of energy, and building energy efficiency and renewable energy improvements being *project to be* funded.
- (f) The name of the financial institution providing interim financing for the improvements *project* or the warehouse line of credit developed pursuant to Section 25987.26.

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(g) The structure of the loan financing the alternative sources of energy, and building energy efficiency and renewable energy improvements project.

- (h) Any information that the commission or third-party administrator requires to verify that the owner will complete the project.
- (i) An analysis performed by an energy efficiency-and renewable energy specialist to quantify the costs of the alternative sources of energy, and building energy efficiency, renewable energy, and water efficiency improvements, the project, and total energy and water cost savings realized by the owner, owner or his or her successor during the effective useful life of, and estimated carbon impacts of, the improvements, project, including an annual cashflow analysis.
- (j) Copies of an application that have been made for energy efficiency incentives identified pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 25987.19 for any applicable retrofits.
- (k) Other information deemed necessary by the commission or the third-party administrator.
- (*l*) The total amount of the loan requested showing any and all adjustments to reduce the loan amount after all federal, state, local, and ratepayer-funded incentives have been applied.
- 25987.14. (a) In addition to the information required under Section 25987.13, an applicant shall provide in the application a detailed description of all of the following:

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(a) The eligible building. real property.

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(b) The transactional activities associated with the eligible improvements, including the transactional costs.

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- (c) Other information deemed necessary by the commission or the third-party administrator.
- (b) An applicant shall agree in the application to remit repayment installments due by an electronic funds transfer under procedures prescribed by the board.
- 25987.15. (a) The third-party administrator shall make recommendations to the commission regarding the approval or disapproval of an application.

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(b) The commission may approve and accept an applicant into the program if both of the following conditions are met:

- (1) The applicant is a qualified applicant.
- (2) Prior to receiving funding for renewable energy improvement or alternative energy sources, the applicant shall show both of the following:
- (A) Evidence of intent to make feasible energy efficiency upgrades recommended by the analysis required pursuant to subdivision (i) of Section 25987.13.
- (B) Evidence of intent to enroll in eligible demand response programs, if appropriate.
- (c) The commission shall determine appropriate guarantees necessary to ensure cost neutrality of the improvements that may include the requirement that the owner of the eligible building obtain insurance issued by an A.M. Best "A" or better rated insurance carrier or a similar product as approved by the commission.
- 25987.16. (a) Upon the mutual agreement of the participant and the third-party administrator, the third-party administrator shall establish an annualized schedule for the repayment *with monthly repayment installments* required by the energy remittance repayment agreement, including the interest charged, administrative cost fee, and loan loss *reserve* fee.
- (b) The board shall collect the repayment installments that become due and payable.

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- (b) (1) The period for repayment of the energy remittance repayment agreement shall not exceed the effective useful life of the improvements or 20 years, whichever is shorter.
- (2) The calculated effective useful life of the alternative source of electricity, and building energy efficiency and renewable energy improvements, shall be calculated using methodologies adopted by the commission, in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission.
- (A) The commission shall hold at least one public hearing on the useful life of the improvement to take public and industry comments on the commission's determinations.
- (B) The commission shall update the useful life of improvements as new information becomes available and when new technologies

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become available and shall make this information publicly available on its Internet Web site.

- (C) The commission shall remove any improvements from its information on improvements if the improvement is no longer available or if the commission determines that manufacturer defects disqualify the improvement from loan eligibility.
- (d) Upon the failure of the participant to pay any installment toward the repayment of the energy remittance repayment agreement when the installment becomes due and owing pursuant to the schedule for repayment, the board shall assess a penalty on the delinquent payment of 10 percent of the unpaid installment.
- (e) Within 60 days of a failure to pay the scheduled energy remittance payment, the board shall issue a demand letter to the participant with notice provided to the commission and provide the participant with 30 days to cure the default.
- (f) (1) If the participant fails to cure the default within the time allotted, the board may declare the entire outstanding energy remittance repayment agreement balance, including any interest due, penalties assessed, and costs of collection incurred, immediately due and owing and foreclose on the energy remittance repayment agreement by either judicial or nonjudicial foreclosure.
- (2) Revenue generated from the sale of the eligible building shall be distributed to satisfy liens on the eligible building in accordance with the priority of the liens as provided by law.
- (g) Upon the full repayment of the balance of the energy remittance repayment agreement, and interest and penalties that had accrued, the board shall notify the commission of that repayment. Within 30 days of the receipt of the notice, the board shall record with the county in which the eligible building is located a release of the energy remittance repayment agreement.
- (c) The loan servicer shall collect the repayment installments that become due and payable. Funds collected shall be remitted to the commission. A repayment installment is delinquent upon the failure of the participant to pay any installment due and payable pursuant to the schedule for repayment. The loan servicer shall notify the board of the delinquency.
- (d) (1) The board shall collect the repayment installments that are delinquent. Funds collected shall be remitted to the commission. The collection provisions contained in the Fee Collection Procedures Law (Chapter 4 (commencing with Section

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55121) of Part 30 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code), to the extent feasible or practical, shall apply to the collection of the delinquent repayment installments. For the purposes of chapter, reference in the Fee Collection Procedures Law to "fee" shall include the repayment installment imposed by this chapter and references to the "fee payer" shall include a participant required to pay the repayment installment imposed pursuant to this chapter. For the purposes of collection, a delinquent repayment installment is a final liability of the participant.

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- (2) The board shall assess liquidated damages on the delinquent repayment installment of 10 percent of the unpaid installment. Within 60 days of a failure to pay the delinquent repayment installment, the board shall issue a demand letter to the participant, with written notice provided to the commission, and provide the participant with 30 days from the date of the demand letter to cure the delinquency before the board commences further action to collect a delinquent repayment installment.
- (3) The board may periodically consult with the commission on the status of the energy remittance agreements with outstanding delinquent repayment installments. If the board deems that available remedies to collect the delinquent repayment installments on an energy remittance repayment agreement have been exhausted, to the extent feasible or practical, and the delinquency cannot be cured, the board shall inform the commission in writing. At a business meeting, the commission may declare the entire outstanding energy remittance repayment agreement balance, including any interest due, liquidated damages assessed, and costs of collection incurred, immediately due and payable and direct the board to take action to satisfy the energy remittance repayment agreement lien. The board may contract with a foreclosure service provider to carry out the foreclosure on behalf of the commission.
- (4) Revenues generated from the sale of the eligible real property shall be distributed to satisfy liens on the eligible buildings in accordance with the priority of the liens as provided by law.
- (5) The board shall perform the collection of delinquent repayment installments and the foreclosure duties imposed by this chapter as a ministerial function on behalf of the commission.
- (6) The board may prescribe, adopt, and enforce guidelines relating to the collection of the delinquent repayment installments.

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1 The guidelines adopted pursuant to this section shall be exempt 2 from the Administrative Procedures Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing 3 with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the 4 Government Code).

- (e) Upon the full repayment of the balance of the energy remittance repayment agreement lien, accrued interest, and liquidated damages, the commission shall record with the county in which the eligible real property is located a release of the energy remittance repayment agreement lien.
- 25987.17. (a) A participant shall remit repayment installments due by an electronic funds transfer to the board under procedures prescribed by the board.
- (b) Any participant remitting amounts due pursuant to subdivision (a) shall perform electronic funds transfers in compliance with the due dates prescribed in the schedule for repayment. Payment is deemed complete on the date the electronic funds transfer is initiated if settlement to the state's demand account occurs on or before the banking day following the date the transfer is initiated. If settlement to the state's demand account does not occur on or before the banking day following the date the transfer is initiated, payment is deemed to occur on the date settlement occurs.
- (c) Any participant who remits a repayment installment by means other than appropriate electronic funds transfer shall pay a penalty of 10 percent of the repayment installment incorrectly remitted.
- (d) The board may prescribe, adopt, and enforce guidelines relating to the collection of the energy remittance repayment installments. The guidelines adopted pursuant to this section shall be exempt from the requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code).
- 25987.18. (a) Prior to approving an application for inclusion into a loan portfolio and the recordation of the energy remittance repayment—agreement, agreement lien, or a modification of an approved application, the commission shall conduct a public meeting on the proposed application or modification.
- (b) The commission shall post a notice of the hearing on the commission's Internet Web site and provide the notice, in writing,

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to all lienholders of the eligible building no later than 30 days prior
to the public meeting.

- (c) The notice shall specify all of the following:
- (1) The name of the qualified applicant.

- (2) The address of the eligible meeting. real property.
- (3) The amount required to be repaid *secured* by the energy remittance repayment agreement *lien* proposed to be recorded-on *against* the eligible building. *real property*.
 - (4) The date and place of the public meeting.
- (5) The schedule for repayment of the contractual energy remittance and associated costs as agreed upon between the qualified applicant and the commission.
- (6) The interest rate assessed pursuant to the energy remittance repayment agreement.
- (7) A detailed description of the proposed modification, if applicable.
- (d) The notice shall inform the lienholder that any complaints or objections to either the approval of the application and the recordation of the energy remittance repayment agreement *lien* on the eligible building real property or the modification of an approved application shall be submitted, in writing, to the commission not less than 10 days prior to the public meeting.
- 25987.19. In evaluating the eligibility of an applicant, the commission shall consider the creditworthiness of the applicant and the effectiveness of the improvements applying the following criteria, which may include, but not be limited to, all of the following:
 - (a) Whether applicants are legal owners of the underlying *real* property.
- (b) Whether applicants are current on any outstanding mortgage and property tax payments.
- (c) Whether applicants are in default or in bankruptcy proceedings.
- (d) Whether applicants have applied for incentives, if they are available, through the energy efficiency programs offered by an electrical or gas corporation or a publicly owned utility.
- (e) Whether improvements financed by the program follow applicable standards including any guidelines adopted by the commission.

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25987.20. (a) The commission shall approve an application at a business meeting. Upon approval of an application, the commission shall—authorize a recording of record the energy remittance repayment agreement on the deed of lien against the eligible building. real property.

- (b) The commission shall specify the amount required to be paid—to the board pursuant to the energy remittance repayment agreement, agreement lien, the schedule of repayment that details the monthly repayment installment amount and due date, and the interest rate charged.
- (c) The commission shall approve a modification of an approved application at a business meeting.
- 25987.21. (a) The energy remittance repayment agreement lien that is secured by a lien recorded pursuant to this section, section shall have a prominent header on the document that reads "Energy Remittance Repayment Agreement Lien" in 14-point type and contains all of the following information related to the affected real property:
 - (1) The assessor's parcel number.
 - (2) The owners of record.
- (3) The legal description.
 - (4) The street address.
- (b) Except as otherwise required by law, the energy remittance repayment agreement shall be superior in priority to all subsequent liens recorded on the deed of the eligible building except where the first mortgage is refinanced, in which case the energy remittance repayment agreement shall remain secondary to the primary mortgage.
- (c) The sale of the eligible building to enforce the payment of general ad valorem taxes shall not extinguish the energy remittance repayment agreement recorded on the eligible building.
- (d) In the event of foreclosure, the energy remittance repayment agreement installments shall not be due and owing during such time when the building is owned by a financial institution taking title by way of foreclosure. The installments owing pursuant to the energy remittance repayment agreement shall, however, continue to accrue and shall become due 60 days after a new, nonfinancial owner takes title.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other law, in the event of a foreclosure of the property, the energy remittance repayment agreement shall

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not be extinguished, unless the outstanding balance of the energy remittance repayment agreement, including the interest accrued and all penalties and fees assessed prior to the foreclosure, is fully paid through the foreclosure proceeding.

(5) The amount of the lien.

- (b) The energy remittance agreement lien shall have the force, effect, and priority of a judgment lien from the time of recording in the county where the real property is located.
- 25987.22. (a) No later than 30 days after the approval of an application, the commission *or the third-party administrator* shall forward the agreement and any other information necessary to collect the installment repayments to the board which shall record with the county in which the eligible building real property is located the energy remittance repayment agreement on the deed of the eligible building. *lien*. The board third-party administrator shall notify the commission upon the recordation of the energy remittance repayment agreement. agreement lien.
- (b) Within 60 days of the notice of recording of the energy remittance repayment agreement, agreement lien, the commission shall include the approved application in a portfolio posted on the commission's Internet Web site.
- 25987.23. (a) The board commission shall deposit into the Nonresidential Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Debt Servicing Fund established pursuant to Section 25987.38, or the accounts within the fund, any moneys collected pursuant to this chapter.
- (b) The board may charge a program administration cost fee on the owner of an eligible building to cover its costs as well as the authority's and the commission's costs in implementing this chapter.
 - (c) Nothing in this
- (b) This chapter shall not be construed to require investor-owned utilities or municipal utilities to serve in the role as a third-party private guarantor or loan servicer or otherwise provide credit support for the loan program.
- 25987.24. (a) A local government that has issued revenue bonds pursuant to a program providing financial assistance to owners of nonresidential buildings undertaking a renewable energy, water efficiency, or energy efficiency retrofit improvement on the

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buildings real properties may apply to the commission for participation in the program.

- (b) Upon the approval of an application submitted by the local government, the authority may purchase all those outstanding revenue bonds issued by the local government.
- (c) Upon the purchase of the revenue bonds issued by the local government by the authority, the authority succeeds to all rights conferred upon the bondholder by those revenue bonds and the local government shall remit revenue that is used to secure those revenue bonds to the board commission.
- 25987.25. (a) To the extent that the commission determines necessary to effectively complete the duties specified by this chapter, the commission shall do all of the following:
- (1) (A) Analyze and evaluate standards for nonresidential energy building retrofits previously developed by various national and international organizations to provide uniformity and transparency for financial institutions evaluating loan proposals for energy improvements to nonresidential buildings. To the extent that the commission determines necessary, this evaluation shall be completed not later than January 1, 2015. 2016.
- (B) The evaluation shall review existing protocols or a combination of elements of existing measurement protocols and shall be made available in an electronic format to financial institutions and local governments initiating loans pursuant to this chapter.
- (2) Develop, in consultation with the Department of Real Estate and representatives from the commercial real estate industry, a model energy aligned lease provision that modifies, upon the agreement between the owner and tenants of an eligible building, real property, a commercial lease agreement allowing the owners to recover the costs of the renewable energy, water efficiency, or energy efficiency retrofit improvements that result in operational savings based on the useful life of the retrofit while protecting tenants from underperformance of the building energy efficiency improvements.
- (3) Develop a request for proposal to contract with one or more financial institutions to secure a short-term, revolving credit facility (warehouse line of credit) for the purpose of creating an interim financing mechanism for the loans that would be aggregated for the purposes of issuance of a revenue bond pursuant to Section

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25987.29. The warehouse line of credit shall be drawn by the third-party administrator for origination of direct loans to qualified applicants.

- (b) In implementing this chapter, the commission shall do all of the following:
- (1) Consult with the Public Utilities Commission, representatives from the investor-owned and publicly owned utilities, local governments, real estate licensees, commercial builders, commercial property owners, small businesses, financial institutions, commercial property appraisers, energy rating organizations, and other entities the commission deems appropriate.
 - (2) Hold at least one public hearing.

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- (3) Adopt guidelines and standards for the purposes of implementing this chapter at a publicly noticed meeting offering all interested parties an opportunity to comment. For the initial adoption of the guidelines and standards, the commission shall provide a written public notice at least 30 days prior to the meeting. For the adoption of any substantive change to the guidelines and standards, the commission shall provide a written public notice at least 10 days prior to the meeting. Notwithstanding any other law, guidelines or standards adopted pursuant to this section shall be exempt from the requirements of Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. In implementing the requirements of this chapter, in the interest of promoting consistency across the demand-side management programs statewide, the commission shall seek to harmonize these requirements, to the greatest extent practicable, with the rules and requirements of the Public Utilities Commission for its nonresidential energy efficiency, distributed generation, demand response, and other demand-side management programs.
- (4) Establish loan limits for each type of eligible improvements for commercial or public buildings.
- (5) Establish standard metrics for estimating performance of eligible improvements for different building types and different profits of energy consumption to be used in underwriting loans made pursuant to the program.
- (6) Establish standard assumptions to be used for estimating the energy benefits of improvements that shall include a reasonable assumption for the cost of kilowatthours and therms and a

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reasonable assumption of future expectations of the rate these costs will increase.

- (7) Establish those standards, guidelines, and procedures, through regulation, including, but not limited to, standards of creditworthiness for qualification of program applicants, that are necessary to ensure the financial stability of the program and otherwise prevent fraud and abuse.
- (8) Establish those measurement and verification standards necessary to ensure that the building energy efficiency improvements financed pursuant to this chapter are realized at a level specified by the commission.
- (9) Consider reliance on existing trade certifications or licensing requirements applicable to occupations that perform the work contemplated under this chapter.
- (10) Establish qualifications for the certification of contractors to construct or install building energy efficiency improvements.
- (11) Contract with a party, public or private, to do any of the following:
- (A) Ensure that appropriate and reasonable steps are taken to monitor and verify the quality and longevity of building energy efficiency improvements financed pursuant to this—division program and measure the total energy savings achieved by the program.
- (B) Determine the average amount, in aggregate, paid to contractors and financial institutions pursuant to median, average, and aggregate amount financed by an applicant for eligible improvements to different building types under the program. Make data on program participation publicly available in a timely manner and in an aggregate format that would not provide identifying information about individual customers of the electrical and gas corporations and include, at a minimum, the types of energy efficiency measures installed, the location of each customer receiving ratepayer-funded energy efficiency assistance, the amount of funds expended at each site, the expected annual energy savings and reduced energy usage expected in kilowatthours or therms. Unless the affected person, customer, or entity consents, the information, data, and reports required to be provided pursuant to this section shall not include any of the following:
- 39 (i) Personal information as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 40 1798.80 of the Civil Code.

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(ii) A customer's electrical or gas consumption data as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 8380.

- (iii) Other information excluded from public disclosure pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code).
- (12) Adopt a standard notice and disclosure form for the purposes of Section 25987.27.

25987.26. Credit issued under the warehouse line of credit shall not be deemed to constitute a debt or liability of the state or of any political subdivision thereof, or a pledge of the full faith and credit of the state or of any political subdivision, but shall be payable solely from the funds provided therefor. All credit instruments shall contain a statement to the following effect:

"Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of California is pledged to the payment of principal and interest on this credit instrument."

- 25987.27. (a) From the date upon which financial assistance is approved by the commission pursuant to Section 25987.20 and for all subsequent transactions entered into pursuant to this chapter, a seller of real property subject to an energy remittance repayment agreement shall deliver to the buyer an energy remittance repayment agreement notice and disclosure as adopted by the commission pursuant to paragraph (9) (12) of subdivision (a) (b) of Section 25987.25.
- (b) (1) Upon the delivery of the completed notice and disclosure form to the buyer of real property, the seller and his or her agent is not required to provide additional information relative to the energy remittance repayment agreement.
- (2) The information in the notice and disclosure form is deemed sufficient to provide notice to the buyer of the existence of the energy improvements, improvements and of the energy remittance repayment agreement, and the repayment obligation that will be assigned to, and assumed by, the buyer upon taking title agreement lien.
- (3) The commission or the third-party administrator shall report periodically, but no less often than once annually, on the number and amount of loans that are made available in areas of the state

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where climate conditions are more extreme and in disadvantaged communities.

25987.28. No later than June 30, 2015, 2016, and no later than June 30 of every fifth year thereafter, the *California* State Auditor shall conduct, or cause to be conducted, a performance audit of the program.—The *Notwithstanding Section 10231.5 of the Government Code*, the *California* State Auditor shall prepare a report and recommendations on each audit conducted and present the report and recommendations to the President pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly.

Article 3. Nonresidential Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Bond

25987.29. The authority, on behalf of the commission, may incur indebtedness and issue and renew negotiable bonds, notes, debentures, or other securities of any kind or class. All indebtedness, however evidenced, shall be payable solely from moneys received pursuant to this chapter and the proceeds of its negotiable bonds, notes, debentures, or other securities and shall not exceed the sum of two billion dollars (\$2,000,000,000).

25987.30. The Legislature may, by statute, authorize the authority to issue bonds, as defined in Section 25987.31 in excess of the amount provided in Section 25987.29.

25987.31. (a) On a semiannual basis, the authority shall conduct a meeting for the purpose of to adopt a resolution authorizing the issuance of, by the adoption of a resolution, negotiable bonds, notes, debentures, or other securities (collectively called "bonds") for the purposes of generating sufficient moneys to fund the approved applications in the portfolio at the time of the meeting or to repay an outstanding balance of the participant on whose behalf the commission has provided funds through the warehouse line of credit. In anticipation of the sale of bonds as authorized by Section 25987.29, or as may be authorized pursuant to Section 25987.30, the authority, on behalf of the commission, may issue negotiable bond anticipation notes and may renew the notes from time to time. The bond anticipation notes may be paid from the proceeds of sale of the bonds of the authority in anticipation of which they were issued. Notes and agreements relating to the notes and bond anticipation notes (collectively called **—27** — AB 122

"notes") and the resolution or resolutions authorizing the notes may contain any provisions, conditions, or limitations that a bond, agreement relating to the bond, and bond resolution of the authority may contain. However, a note or renewal of the note shall mature at a time not exceeding two years from the date of issue of the original note.

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- (b) Every issue of its bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be general obligations of the authority payable from revenues or moneys received pursuant to this chapter. Notwithstanding that the bonds, notes, or other obligations may be payable from a special fund, they are for all purposes negotiable instruments, subject only to the provisions of the bonds, notes, or other obligations for registration.
- (c) Subject to the limitations in Sections 25987.29 and 25987.30, the bonds may be issued as serial bonds or as term bonds, or the authority, in its discretion, may issue bonds of both types. The bonds shall be authorized by resolution of the authority and shall bear the date or dates, mature at the time or times, not exceeding 30 years from their respective dates, bear interest at the rate or rates, be payable at the time or times, be in the denominations, be in the form, either coupon or registered, carry the registration privileges, be executed in a manner, be payable in lawful money of the United States of America at a place or places, and be subject to terms of redemption, as the resolution or resolutions may provide. The sales may be a public or private sale, and for the price or prices and on the terms and conditions, as the authority shall determine after giving due consideration to the recommendations of any participating party to be assisted from the proceeds of the bonds or notes. Pending preparation of the definitive bonds, the authority may issue interim receipts, certificates, or temporary bonds that shall be exchanged for the definitive bonds. The authority may sell bonds, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness at a price below their par value. However, the discount on a security sold pursuant to this section shall not exceed 6 percent of the par value.
- (d) A resolution or resolutions authorizing bonds or an issue of bonds may contain provisions that shall be a part of the contract with the holders of the bonds to be authorized, as to all of the following:

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(1) Pledging the moneys collected pursuant to this chapter from the portfolio of approved applications that are funded by the bonds, to secure the payment of the bonds or of any particular issue of bonds, subject to the agreements with bondholders as may then exist.

- (2) The setting aside of reserves or sinking funds, and the regulation and disposition of the reserves or sinking funds.
- (3) Limitations on the right of the authority or the commission or their agent to restrict and regulate the use of the project or projects to be financed out of the proceeds of the bonds or any particular issue of bonds.
- (4) Limitations on the purpose to which the proceeds of sale of an issue of bonds then or thereafter to be issued may be applied and pledging those proceeds to secure the payment of the bonds or the issue of the bonds.
- (5) Limitations on the issuance of additional bonds, the terms upon which additional bonds may be issued and secured, and the refunding of outstanding bonds.
- (6) The procedure, if any, by which the terms of a contract with bondholders may be amended or abrogated, the amount of bonds the holders of which must consent to the amendment or abrogation, and the manner in which that consent may be given.
- (7) Limitations on expenditures for operating, administrative, or other expenses of the authority or commission.
- (8) Defining the acts or omissions to act that constitute a default in the duties of the authority or commission to holders of its obligations and providing the rights and remedies of the holders in the event of a default.
- (e) The authority, the commission, and any person executing the bonds or notes shall not be liable personally on the bonds or notes or be subject to personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance of the bond or note.
- (f) The authority shall have power out of any funds available for these purposes to purchase its bonds or notes. The authority may hold, pledge, cancel, or resell those bonds, subject to and in accordance with agreements with bondholders.
- (g) The commission, the authority, and the board may enter into a memorandum of understanding providing for the transfer of energy remittance payments between the three agencies in furtherance of this chapter.

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(h) Should there be If there is insufficient project valuation or insufficient demand for the revenue bonds authorized by this chapter, the board loan servicer shall continue to collect the energy remittance installment payments that become due and payable and service the loans, and the board shall continue to collect delinquent repayment installments. Failure to sell the revenue bonds shall not create any liability for the state.

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25987.32. In the discretion of the authority, any bonds issued under the provisions of this article may be secured by a trust agreement by and between the authority and a corporate trustee or trustees, which may be the authority or any trust company or bank having the powers of a trust company within or without the state. Such The trust agreement or the resolution providing for the issuance of such the bonds may pledge or assign the revenues to be received pursuant to this chapter, to be financed out of the proceeds of such the bonds. Such The trust agreement or resolution providing for the issuance of such the bonds may contain such provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bondholders as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including particularly—such provisions—as have herein above been specifically authorized by this chapter to be included in any resolution or resolutions of the commission authorizing bonds-thereof. Any bank or trust company doing business under the laws of this state which may act as depositary of the proceeds of bonds or of revenues or other moneys may furnish-such indemnifying bonds or pledge-such-securities as may be required by the authority. Any-such trust agreement may set forth the rights and remedies of the bondholders and of the trustee or trustees, and may restrict the individual right of action by bondholders. In addition to the foregoing, any such trust agreement or resolution may contain-such other provisions as the authority may deem reasonable and proper for the security of the bondholders. Notwithstanding any other law, the authority shall not be deemed to have a conflict of interest by reason of acting as trustee pursuant to this chapter.

25987.33. Bonds issued under the provisions of this article shall not be deemed to constitute a debt or liability of the state or of any political subdivision thereof, other than the authority, or a pledge of the faith and credit of the state or of any-such political subdivision, but shall be payable solely from the funds-herein

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provided therefor provided by this chapter. All-such bonds shall contain on the face thereof a statement to the following effect: "Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of California is pledged to the payment of the principal of or interest on this bond." The issuance of bonds under the provisions of this article shall not directly or indirectly or contingently obligate the state or any political subdivision thereof to levy or to pledge any form of taxation whatever therefor or to make any appropriation for their payment. Nothing contained in this section shall prevent or be construed to prevent the authority from pledging its full faith and credit to the payment of bonds or issue of bonds authorized pursuant to this chapter.

25987.34. (a) The authority is hereby authorized to provide for the issuance of bonds of the authority for the purpose of refunding any bonds, notes, or other securities of the authority then outstanding, including the payment of any redemption premium—thereon and any interest accrued or to accrue to the earliest or subsequent date of redemption, purchase, or maturity of—such the bonds.

- (b) The proceeds of any-such bonds issued for the purpose of refunding outstanding bonds, notes, or other securities may, in the discretion of the authority, be applied to the purchase or retirement at maturity or redemption of such outstanding bonds either on their earliest or any subsequent redemption date or upon the purchase or retirement at the maturity thereof and may, pending-such-application, be placed in escrow to be applied to such purchase or retirement at maturity or redemption on-such a date as may be determined by the authority.
- (c) Pending—such use, any—such escrowed proceeds may be invested and reinvested by the authority in obligations of, or guaranteed by, the United States of America, or in certificates of deposit or time deposits secured by obligations of, or guaranteed by, the United States of America, maturing at—such the time or times as shall be appropriate to ensure the prompt payment, as to principal, interest, and redemption premium, if any, of the outstanding bonds to be so refunded. The interest, income, and profits, if any, earned or realized on any—such investment may also be applied to the payment of the outstanding bonds to be so refunded. After the terms of the escrow have been fully satisfied and carried out, any balance of—such proceeds and interest, income,

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and profits, if any, earned or realized on the investments-thereofmay be returned to the authority for use by it in any lawful manner.

(d) All such These bonds shall be subject to the provisions of this division in the same manner and to the same extent as other bonds issued pursuant to this chapter.

25987.35. Bonds issued by the authority are legal investments for all trust funds, the funds of all insurance companies, banks, both commercial and savings, trust companies, savings and loan and investment companies, for executors, associations, administrators, trustees, and other fiduciaries, for state school funds, and for any funds which may be invested in county, municipal, or school district bonds, and-such the bonds are securities which may properly and legally be deposited with, and received by, any state or municipal officer or agency or political subdivision of the state for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or obligations of the state, is now, or may hereafter be, authorized by law, including deposits to secure public funds if, and only to the extent that, evidence of indebtedness or debt securities of the participating party receiving financing through the issuance of-such bonds qualify or are eligible for-such those purposes and uses.

25987.36. The state hereby pledges and agrees with the holders of the bonds and with a participant with an approved application that the state will not limit, alter, restrict, or impair the rights vested in the authority or the commission or the rights or obligations of a person or entity with which the commission contracts to fulfill the terms of an agreement made pursuant to this chapter. The state further agrees that it will not in any way impair the rights or remedies of the holder of the bonds until the bonds have been paid or until adequate provision for payment has been made. The authority may include this provision and undertaking for the authority in its bonds.

25987.37. (a) Bonds issued pursuant to this division shall be exempt from all taxation and assessment imposed pursuant to state law.

(b) No later than February 1, 2014, 2015, the commission shall apply to the United States Department of the Treasury under the Energy Tax Incentives Act of 2005 (Title XIII of Public Law 109-58) for the authority to issue tax advantage bonds under the

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federal Clean Renewable Energy Bonds program or any other applicable programs.

Article 4. Nonresidential—Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Debt Servicing Fund

25987.38. (a) The Nonresidential—Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Debt Servicing Fund is hereby established in the State Treasury. Notwithstanding Section 13340 of the Government Code, the moneys in the fund are hereby continuously appropriated to the authority without regard to fiscal—year years for the purposes of paying the principal and interest on bonds issued by the authority pursuant to Section 25987.29, servicing the warehouse line of credit, and defraying any direct and indirect costs incurred by the Treasurer in executing duties required by this chapter.

(b) All interest and income derived from the deposit and investment of moneys in the fund shall be credited to the fund, and all unexpended and unencumbered moneys in the fund at the end of any fiscal year shall remain in the fund.

25987.39. The Loan Loss Reserve Account is hereby established in the Nonresidential-Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Debt Servicing Fund. The board commission shall deposit the portion of the contractual energy remittance repayment installation that is the loan loss reserve fee into the account. Notwithstanding Section 13340 of the Government Code, the moneys in the account are hereby continuously appropriated to the authority without regard to fiscal-year years for the purposes of paying outstanding balances due under an energy remittance repayment agreement on a building that has been foreclosed upon if the proceeds generated from the foreclosure proceedings are insufficient to pay any past due payments past due under the energy remittance repayment agreement, including accrued interest, penalties, liquidated damages, and fees. All interest and income derived from the deposit and investment of moneys in the account shall be credited to the account, and all unexpended and unencumbered moneys in the account at the end of any fiscal year shall remain in the account.

25987.40. The Administration Account is hereby established in the Nonresidential Building Real Property Energy Retrofit Debt Servicing Fund. The authority commission shall deposit into the

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account the program administration fee-collected pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 25987.23 and penalties collected pursuant to Section 25987.16 and liquidated damages collected pursuant to this chapter. Notwithstanding Section 13340 of the Government Code, moneys in the account shall be continuously appropriated without regard to fiscal years to the authority, the commission, and the board for the costs of implementing this chapter.

25987.41. (a) The Director of Finance shall transfer, as a loan, up to one million dollars (\$1,000,000) from the General Fund to the board to implement this chapter.

- (b) The Director of Finance shall transfer, as a loan, up to seven million dollars (\$7,000,000) from the General Fund to the commission to implement this chapter.
- (c) Any loan made pursuant to this section shall be repaid on or before January 1, 2024, with interest at the pooled money investment rate, from energy remittance repayment collected pursuant to this chapter.
- (d) If the fees authorized for collection pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 25987.23 are not sufficient to support the loans made pursuant to this section, the Director of Finance shall discuss alternative repayment terms with the borrowing agencies.
- 25987.42. (a) The commission, the board, and the authority shall be authorized to promulgate necessary regulations to implement and administer this chapter.
- (b) Guidelines for the purposes of implementing this chapter shall be adopted by the commission, board, or authority at a publicly noticed meeting offering all interested parties an opportunity to comment. For the initial adoption of the guidelines and standards, the commission, board, or authority shall provide a written public notice at least 30 days prior to the meeting. For the adoption of any substantive change to the guidelines and standards, the commission, board, or authority shall provide a written public notice at least 10 days prior to the meeting. Notwithstanding any other law, guidelines or standards adopted pursuant to this section shall be exempt from the requirements of Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.